G HEALTH

5 KEY CONSIDERATIONS WHEN SELECTING POLYMERS FOR MEDICAL DEVICE DEVELOPMENT

Medical device development is often a long-term endeavor, requiring rigorous testing, quality control systems, and compliance to an ever-evolving set of regional and global regulatory requirements. For many implantable or invasive devices, the selection of a polymer is a major decision.

The choice of polymers for a specific device application is based on many factors. Functional factors are obviously the first consideration – biological performance, application performance, chemical resistance, and processability. But regulatory and compliance requirements also deserve attention. Here are five recommendations for device makers:

CHOOSE MEDICAL GRADE POLYMERS

While formulation, manufacturing, and testing of materials for biocompatibility are distinct and important characteristics of a medical grade polymer, other services such as regulatory support, change management and security of supply are of utmost importance. They may sometimes be overlooked during initial material selection activities.

REVIEW THE BASIC

Does the recommended polymer contain REACH or RoHS substances or other substances of concern? Are there other red flags? Lubrizol maintains Medical Information Packages on each of its medical grade thermoplastic polymers that detail relevant regulatory and compliance information like this.

LOOK FOR A PREDICATE

An FDA 510(k) premarketing submission must demonstrate the safety and effectiveness of the device to be marketed by proving substantial equivalence to a legally marketed "predicate" device. The selection of your predicate can be consequential. It determines what kinds of testing you will need to do and can ease the path to approval.

CHECK YOUR TESTING LAB

You want a lab that is familiar with the materials you are planning to use in your device. For example, a lab not experienced in testing devices that include polyurethanes might not understand how to differentiate a polyurethanerelated extractable substance from extractable substances coming from other adhesives or thermoplastics in the device.

GET STARTED ON YOUR RISK ASSESSMENT

Don't put off planning the chemical characterization and toxicological risk assessment your regulatory agency may require. Consult with your material supplier about your chemical and toxicology assessment needs and they may be able to provide you with supporting material-level information.



please <u>contact us</u> to be connected with one of our regulatory experts.

The information contained herein is believed to be reliable, but no representations, guarantees or warranties of any kind are made as to its accuracy, suitability for particular applications or the results to be obtained. The information often is based on laboratory work with small-scale equipment and does not necessarily indicate end-product performance or reproducibility. Formulations presented may not have been tested for stability and should be used only as a suggested starting point. Because of the variations in methods, conditions and equipment used commercially in processing these materials, no warranties or guarantees are made as to the suitability of the products for the applications disclosed. Full-scale testing and end-product performance are the responsibility of the user. Lubrizol Advanced Materials, Inc., shall not be liable for and the customer assumes all risk and liability for any use or handling of any material beyond Lubrizol Advanced Materials, Inc.'s direct control. The SELLER MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Nothing contained herein is to be considered as permission, recommendation nor as an inducement to practice any patented invention without permission of the patent owner. Lubrizol Advanced Materials, Inc., is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Lubrizol Corporation.